

National Policy Guidance

National Planning Policy Framework 2012

The NPPF reiterates the statutory requirement that applications for planning permission must be determined in accordance with the development plan, unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The NPPF is a material consideration in planning decisions.

It also states that the document should be read in conjunction with the newly released policy statement on Gypsies and Travellers.

The purpose of the planning system is to contribute to the achievement of sustainable development. There are 3 dimensions to sustainable development:

- An economic role – contributing to building a strong, responsive and competitive economy, by ensuring that sufficient land of the right type is available in the right places to support growth and innovation
- A social role – supporting strong, vibrant and healthy communities by providing the supply of housing required to meet the needs of present and future generations, and by creating a high quality built development with accessible local services;
- An environmental role – contributing to protecting and enhancing our natural, built and historic environment.

At the heart of the NPPF is a **presumption in favour of sustainable development**, which should be seen as a golden thread running through both plan-making and decision making. For decision making this means:

- Approving development proposals that accord with the development plan without delay; and
- Where the development plan is absent, silent or relevant policies are out of date, granting permission unless any adverse impacts of doing so would significantly and demonstrably outweigh the benefits, when assessed against the policies in this Framework taken as a whole; or specific policies in this Framework indicate development should be restricted. (Para 14).

Local planning authorities should approach decision-taking in a positive way to foster the delivery of sustainable development. The relationship between decision making and plan-making should be seamless, translating plans into high quality development on the ground. (Para 186). They should seek for solutions rather than problems and decision-takers at every level should seek to approve applications for sustainable development where possible.

Early engagement in pre-application discussions is encouraged where it is offered. Developers should be encouraged to engage with the community.

	<p>The planning system is plan-led. Planning law requires that applications for planning permission must be determined in accordance with the development plan, unless material considerations indicate otherwise. The Framework is a material consideration in planning decisions. (Para 196)</p> <p>In assessing and determining development proposals, local planning authorities should apply the presumption in favour of sustainable development (Para 197).</p> <p><u>Implementation</u></p> <p>The policies in the NPPF apply from the day of publication (27th March 2012).</p> <p>For 12 months from the day of publication, decision makers may continue to give full weight to relevant policies adopted since 2004 even if there is a limited degree of conflict with the Framework.</p> <p>The Hinckley and Bosworth Local Plan was adopted in February 2001, as such it is necessary to review all saved local plan policies according to their consistency with the framework. Due weight must then be given according to their consistency with the NPPF. These are appraised within each application late item.</p> <p>For clarity it should be noted that the following national policy guidance documents referred to in the main agenda are superseded by the NPPF:</p> <p>Circular 05/05 Circular 01/06 NPPF (Draft) All Planning Policy Guidance and Statements</p>
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Local Development Framework Core Strategy 2009

Policy 1	<p>Development in Hinckley: supports Hinckley's role as a sub-regional centre and sets out the criteria to achieve this. It makes provision for a minimum of 1120 new residential dwellings, seeks to diversify the existing housing stock in the town centre to cater for a range of house types and sizes, seeks to ensure there is a range of employment opportunities within Hinckley and to allocate land for new office development within or adjoining the Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan boundary. It supports the expansion of the creative industries job market, the provision of new retail space, the redevelopment of the railway station to deliver a transport interchange, the provision of a new bus station, transport improvements, tourism development and the development of new leisure facilities.</p>
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Local Plan 2006-2026: Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan 2011

Policy 5	<p>The Hinckley Town Centre Area Action Plan document provides a planning framework for areas in Hinckley Town Centre where significant change or conservation is needed. Policy 5 relates specifically to Land north of Mount Road and lists the key aspirations for the site's redevelopment.</p>
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Hinckley and Bosworth Local Plan 2001

CONSERVATION AND BUILT ENVIRONMENT

Policy BE1	<p>Design and Siting of Development: requires that planning permission for development proposals will be granted where they: complement or enhance the character of the surrounding area with regards to scale, layout, density, materials and architectural features; avoid loss of open spaces; has regard to safety; incorporates design features which reduce energy consumption, encourages recycling and minimises impact on local environment; incorporates a high standard of landscaping; meets DDA requirements where necessary; ensure adequate highway visibility and parking standards and manoeuvring facilities; do not adversely affect the amenities of neighbouring properties; and would not be prejudicial to the comprehensive development of a larger area of land of which the development forms part. For residential proposes development should incorporate urban design standards, ensure adequate degree of amenity and privacy and provide sufficient amenity space.</p> <p><i>Criteria a - i of this policy are consistent with the NPPF and as such the policy should be given weight.</i></p>
Policy BE5	<p>The Setting of a Listed Building: seeks to preserve and enhance the setting of listed buildings by appropriate control through the design of new development in the vicinity.</p> <p><i>This policy is consistent with the intentions of the NPPF.</i></p>
Policy BE7	<p>Development in Conservation Areas: states that primary planning policy will be the preservation or enhancement of their special character. Planning permission for proposals which would harm their special character or appearance will not be granted.</p> <p><i>This policy is consistent with the intentions of the NPPF.</i></p>
Policy BE8	<p>Demolition in Conservation Areas: supports demolition only where the loss of the building will not be detrimental to the character and appearance of the conservation area; and that proposals for its replacement would preserve or enhance the character or appearance of the conservation area.</p> <p><i>This policy is consistent with the intentions of the NPPF.</i></p>
Policy BE12	<p>Scheduled Ancient Monuments and Nationally Important Archaeological Sites: states that planning permission will not be granted for any proposed development which would adversely affect a scheduled ancient monument or other nationally important archaeological site or its setting.</p> <p><i>This policy is considered to be inconsistent with the NPPF as the NPPF contains no caveat for 'special justification' as suggested within the NPPF.</i></p>
Policy BE15	<p>Preservation of Archaeological Remains in Situ: seeks to protect important archaeological remains through planning conditions which require the remains to be left in situ and any damage to the remains to be avoided or minimised through appropriate design, layout, ground levels, foundations and site work methods.</p> <p><i>This policy is consistent with the intentions of the NPP but NPPF offers more precise guidance.</i></p>
Policy BE16	<p>Archaeological Investigation and Recording: states that the Local Planning Authority can impose conditions requiring that satisfactory archaeological investigation and recording be carried out.</p>

	<i>This policy is consistent with the intentions of the NPPF but NPPF offers more precise guidance.</i>
THE NATURAL ENVIRONMENT	
Policy NE5	<p>Development in the Countryside: states that the countryside will be protected for its own sake and that planning permission will be granted for built and other forms of development in the countryside provided that the development is either:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> a) Important to the local economy and cannot be provided within or adjacent to an existing settlement; or b) For the change of use, reuse or extension of existing buildings, particularly those of historic value; or c) For sport or recreation purposes. <p>And only where the following criteria are met:-</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> i) It does not have an adverse effect on the appearance or character of the landscape. ii) It is in keeping with the scale and character of existing buildings and the general surroundings. iii) Where necessary it is effectively screened by landscaping or other methods. iv) The proposed development will not generate traffic likely to exceed the capacity of the highway network or impair road safety. <p><i>This policy is consistent with the intentions of the NPPF for rural enterprise proposals but has limited consistency in all other respects</i></p>
Policy NE10	<p>Local Landscape Improvement Areas: identifies sites as landscape improvement areas and requires proposals in these areas to include comprehensive landscaping proposals.</p> <p><i>This policy has limited consistency with the intentions of the NPPF.</i></p>
Policy NE12	<p>Landscaping Schemes: requires proposals for development to make provision for further landscaping where appropriate.</p> <p><i>This policy is partially consistent with the intentions of the NPPF.</i></p>
TRANSPORTATION	
Policy T5	<p>Highway Design and Vehicle Parking Standards: refers to the application of appropriate standards for highway design and parking provision for new development</p> <p><i>This policy is consistent with the intentions of the NPPF.</i></p>
RECREATION AND TOURISM	
Policy REC1	<p>Development of Recreation Sites: states that planning permission for alternative uses will not be granted for the development of land and buildings currently used for recreation and open space unless in the case of this application, the developer provides an equivalent range of replacement facilities in an appropriate location serving the local community.</p> <p><i>Criteria (a + b) of this policy is consistent with the intentions of the NPPF. Criteria © has limited consistency with intentions of the NPPF as doesn't have to be on the remainder of site</i></p>

Supplementary Planning Guidance / Documents	
House Extensions SPG	Provides guidance on design issues to ensure extensions not only complement the character of the existing house but also the character of the area and seeks to ensure extensions do not adversely impact upon the amenity of residents of neighbouring property.
Design of Farm Buildings SPG	Sets out guidance on user requirements, siting, design and landscaping in order to achieve a building that meets the practical needs it is being put up for whilst ensuring it is also sympathetically designed with respect to its surroundings. The guidance covers the development of farm buildings for agricultural purposes only.

Other Material Policy Guidance	
The Hinckley Town Centre Renaissance Masterplan (2006)	This document provides a strategic development framework and a vision for future social, economic and environmental enhancement and development of Hinckley Town Centre. Area 4 relates specifically to Land north of Mount Road and identifies how this area could be redeveloped to provide a new leisure centre overlooking the park, subject to a feasibility study.
The Hinckley Town Centre Conservation Area (2013)	This document describes the historical development of the town and identifies and describes the various character areas within the conservation area and the features of special interest that justify its designation.